

Series : W1XZY

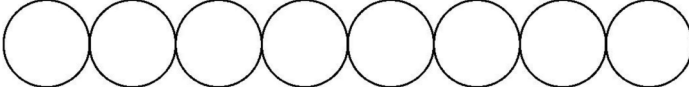


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रोल नं.

Roll No.



प्रश्न-पत्र कोड
Q.P. Code

65/1/1

परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.



गणित



MATHEMATICS

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे

Time allowed : 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 80

Maximum Marks : 80

नोट

- (I) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 23 हैं।
- (II) कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 38 प्रश्न हैं।
- (III) प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- (IV) कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में यथा स्थान पर प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- (V) इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक परीक्षार्थी केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।

NOTE

- (I) Please check that this question paper contains 23 printed pages.
- (II) Please check that this question paper contains 38 questions.
- (III) Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- (IV) Please write down the serial number of the question in the answer-book at the given place before attempting it.
- (V) 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.



General Instructions :

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them :

- (i) This Question paper contains **38** questions. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
- (ii) Question paper is divided into **FIVE** Sections – Section **A, B, C, D** and **E**.
- (iii) In Section **A** – Question Number **1** to **18** are Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) and Question Number **19** & **20** are Assertion-Reason based questions of **1** mark each.
- (iv) In Section **B** – Question Number **21** to **25** are Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions, carrying **2** marks each.
- (v) In Section **C** – Question Number **26** to **31** are Short Answer (SA) type questions, carrying **3** marks each.
- (vi) In Section **D** – Question Number **32** to **35** are Long Answer (LA) type questions, carrying **5** marks each.
- (vii) In Section **E** – Question Number **36** to **38** are case study based questions, carrying **4** marks each.
- (viii) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in **2** questions in Section – **B**, **3** questions in Section – **C**, **2** questions in Section – **D** and **2** questions in Section – **E**.
- (ix) Use of calculator is **NOT** allowed.

SECTION – A

This section comprises of **20** Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) of **1** mark each.

20 × 1 = 20

1. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then A^{-1} is

(A) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

(B) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

(C) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(D) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$





2. If vector $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ and vector $\vec{b} = \hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$, then which of the following is correct ?

(A) $\vec{a} \parallel \vec{b}$

(B) $\vec{a} \perp \vec{b}$

(C) $|\vec{b}| > |\vec{a}|$

(D) $|\vec{a}| = |\vec{b}|$

3. $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{|x|}{x} dx, x \neq 0$ is equal to

(A) -1

(B) 0

(C) 1

(D) 2

4. Which of the following is not a homogeneous function of x and y ?

(A) $y^2 - xy$

(B) $x - 3y$

(C) $\sin^2 \frac{y}{x} + \frac{y}{x}$

(D) $\tan x - \sec y$

5. If $f(x) = |x| + |x - 1|$, then which of the following is correct ?

(A) $f(x)$ is both continuous and differentiable, at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$.

(B) $f(x)$ is differentiable but not continuous, at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$.

(C) $f(x)$ is continuous but not differentiable, at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$.

(D) $f(x)$ is neither continuous nor differentiable, at $x = 0$ and $x = 1$.

6. If A is a square matrix of order 2 such that $\det(A) = 4$, then $\det(4 \text{ adj } A)$ is equal to :

(A) 16

(B) 64

(C) 256

(D) 512

7. If E and F are two independent events such that $P(E) = \frac{2}{3}$, $P(F) = \frac{3}{7}$, then

$P(E/\bar{F})$ is equal to :

(A) $\frac{1}{6}$

(B) $\frac{1}{2}$

(C) $\frac{2}{3}$

(D) $\frac{7}{9}$





8. The absolute maximum value of function $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$ in $[0, 2]$ is :
- (A) 0 (B) 2
(C) 4 (D) 5
9. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 \\ -3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -5 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$, $C = [9 \ 8 \ 7]$, which of the following is defined ?
- (A) Only AB (B) Only AC
(C) Only BA (D) All AB, AC and BA
10. If $\int \frac{2^x}{x^2} dx = k \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{x}} + C$, then k is equal to
- (A) $\frac{-1}{\log 2}$ (B) $-\log 2$
(C) -1 (D) $\frac{1}{2}$
11. If $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c} = \vec{0}$, $|\vec{a}| = \sqrt{37}$, $|\vec{b}| = 3$ and $|\vec{c}| = 4$, then angle between \vec{b} and \vec{c} is
- (A) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ (B) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
(C) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ (D) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
12. The integrating factor of differential equation $(x + 2y^3) \frac{dy}{dx} = 2y$ is
- (A) $e^{\frac{y^2}{2}}$ (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{y}}$
(C) $\frac{1}{y^2}$ (D) $e^{-\frac{1}{y^2}}$

